


**MODELS:**

|          |                                   |
|----------|-----------------------------------|
| VH30140R | 30-140 CFM HRV with recirculation |
| VH30160  | 30-160 CFM HRV                    |
| VH30150R | 30-150 CFM HRV with recirculation |
| VH70220  | 70-220 CFM HRV                    |
| VE30160  | 30-160 CFM ERV                    |
| VE70220  | 70-220 CFM ERV                    |

**Features**

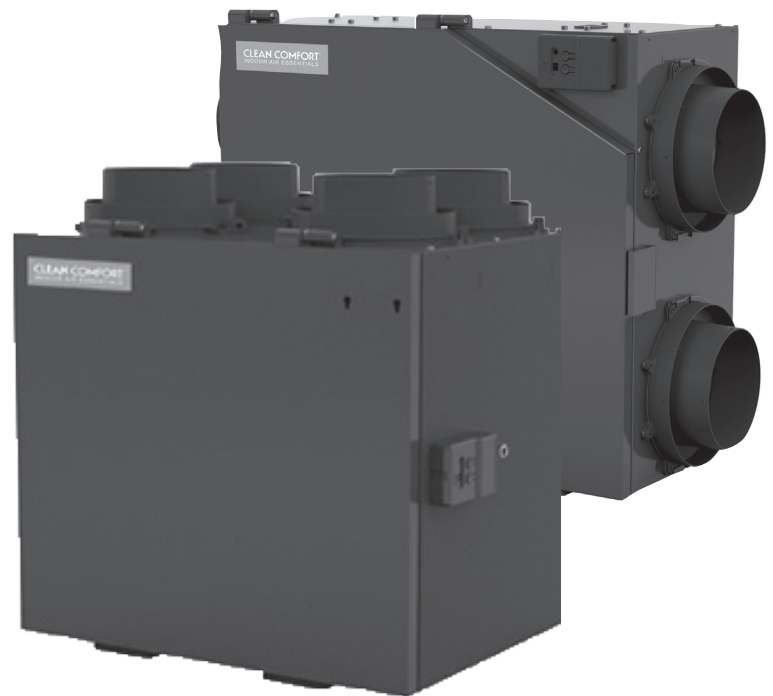
- Four operating modes (Intermittent, Continuous, Recirculation\* & High)
- 100% variable speed
- Single Person Mounting™ system with adjustable hanging straps included
- Integrated door pressure balancing taps
- ISF™ (Insert, Slide and Fix) 6" (153 mm) dia. collar system
- Integrated 5" (125mm) dia, oval system (VH30140R only)
- Advanced proportional supply fan shut-down defrost sequence
- Advanced damper defrost sequence (VH30140R & VH30150R only)
- Dual permanently lubricated PSC motors
- Integrated auxiliary furnace interlock relay
- Ventilator can be balanced by adjusting each motor independently; no balancing dampers required
- Connection terminals for optional wall controls
- Quiet operation

\* Recirculation mode on VH30140R and VH30150R only

## VH SERIES HEAT RECOVERY VENTILATORS

## VE SERIES ENERGY RECOVERY VENTILATORS

### Installation and Operation Manual



**IMPORTANT: READ AND SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS. THIS GUIDE TO BE LEFT WITH EQUIPMENT OWNER.**



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**⚠ CAUTION!**

Do not install in a cooking area or connect directly to any appliance. Turn off all integral disconnects before servicing.

**Notice:** Prior to installing, serious consideration must be taken to ensure this ventilation system will operate properly if integrated to any other type of mechanical system, i.e. a forced-air system, or an air handling unit. To ensure proper operation and compatibilities of both systems, it is required that the airflows of the Heat Recovery Ventilator (HRV) or Energy Recovery Ventilator (ERV) be balanced, by following the procedures found in this manual.

The way in which your ventilator is installed may make a significant difference to the electrical energy consumed when operating. To minimize the electricity use of the ventilator, a stand-alone fully ducted installation is recommended. If you choose a simplified installation that operates your furnace or air handler for room-to-room ventilation, electrical energy consumption and operating cost will be greatly reduced if the blower of the system's furnace or air handler has an electronically commutated (ECM) motor.

**Limitations:** The product is for residential applications only and must be installed in accordance with all national and local regulations, building and safety codes.

\*INSTALLATION DATE (MM/DD/YYYY) ( / / )

MODEL#: \_\_\_\_\_

SERIAL #: \_\_\_\_\_

**\*Ask Dealer to provide this information.**

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**Liability Notice**

Daikin North America LLC does not accept any liability for installations of ventilation equipment installed by unqualified personnel or the use of parts/components/equipment that are not authorized or approved by Daikin.



**Our continuing commitment to quality products may mean a change in specifications without notice.**

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## SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

### **WARNING!**

- To reduce the risk of injury, disconnect power to the ventilation system while performing service on the unit. There are impeller wheels turning at a very high speed that must fully stop rotating prior to accessing the inside of the unit.
- To reduce the risk of electric shock or fire, do not perform any service to the HRV system other than as stated in the operating manual instructions.
- To reduce the risk of electric shock, this ventilation system comes equipped with a 3-prong plug. This plug will fit in a polarized 120VAC outlet in only one orientation. Do not modify the power plug in any way; if modified, there is risk of electric shock or fire.
- Do not use the ventilation system for removal of flammable fumes, gases or connect directly to any appliances.
- Do not modify, repair or disassemble this system. These tasks are to be performed by authorized serviced personnel only. Fire, electrical shock and/or bodily injury may result if these warnings are not followed.
- Always assess the operation of the ventilation system with regard to how it may interact with vented combustion equipment (e.g. gas furnace, oil furnace, combustion appliances)

### **CAUTION!**

- Do not use this ventilation system for outdoor applications. The electrical components in this ventilation system are only certified only for indoor use.
- Do not pull or twist the ventilation system's power cord when disconnecting it from the power receptacle. Grasp the plug firmly, not the cord.
- Do not obstruct or cover the air intake or air outlet of the ventilation system.
- Do not use for ventilation of areas with swimming pools or spas.



# VENTILATION REQUIREMENTS

## Determine Your Ventilation Needs

Good indoor air quality is based in part on the capacity of the home's ventilation system.

The two most common methods for determining the ventilation needs of a home are the **Room-Count** calculation method and the **Air Change Per Hour** calculation method.

Both methods calculate an approximate ventilation rate (in CFM or L/s). These calculation methods are described on this page.

## A. Room-Count Calculation Method

| LIVING SPACE    | NUMBER OF ROOMS | CFM (L/S)           | CFM REQUIRED |
|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------|
| Master Bedroom  | -----           | x 20 CFM (10 L/s) = | -----        |
| Basement        | -----           | x 20 CFM (10 L/s) = | -----        |
| Single Bedroom  | -----           | x 10 CFM (5 L/s) =  | -----        |
| Living Room     | -----           | x 10 CFM (5 L/s) =  | -----        |
| Dining Room     | -----           | x 10 CFM (5 L/s) =  | -----        |
| Family Room     | -----           | x 10 CFM (5 L/s) =  | -----        |
| Recreation Room | -----           | x 10 CFM (5 L/s) =  | -----        |
| Other           | -----           | x 10 CFM (5 L/s) =  | -----        |
| <hr/>           |                 |                     |              |
| Kitchen         | -----           | x 10 CFM (5 L/s) =  | -----        |
| Bathroom        | -----           | x 10 CFM (5 L/s) =  | -----        |
| Laundry Room    | -----           | x 10 CFM (5 L/s) =  | -----        |
| Utility Room    | -----           | x 10 CFM (5 L/s) =  | -----        |

**TOTAL ventilation requirement (add last column) =**

1 CFM = 0.47189 L/s  
1 L/s = 3.6 m<sup>3</sup>/hr

## B. Air Change Per Hour Calculation Method

TOTAL volume of the house (in cubic feet) X 0.35 air changes/hour = CUBIC FT/HR  
Take total CUBIC FT/HR and divide by 60 to get CFM (Cubic Feet per Minute)

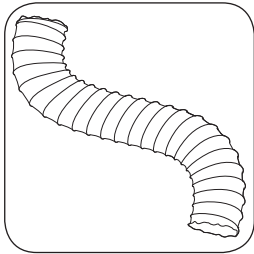
### Example: A 25'x 40' house with basement:

25' X 40' = 1,000 sq. ft.  
1,000 sq. ft. x 8' room height x 2 storeys  
(1st floor + basement) = 16,000 cu. ft.  
16,000 cu. ft. x 0.35 ACH = 5,600 cu. ft.  
5,600 cu. ft. / 60 = 93.3 CFM

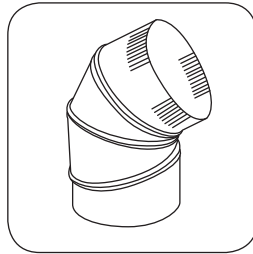
**93.3 CFM is your ventilation requirement**



# FITTING EQUIVALENT LENGTHS

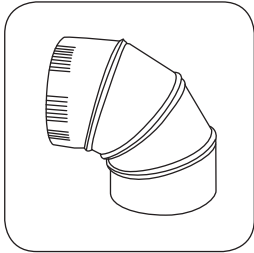


- Flex pipe equivalent length is smooth pipe x2
- Flex fitting equivalent length is smooth fitting x2

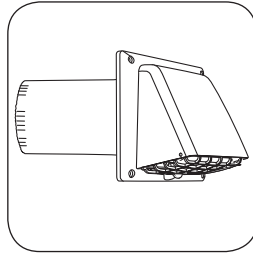


- 45° perimeter pipe elbow equivalent length = 5 ft. (1.52 m)

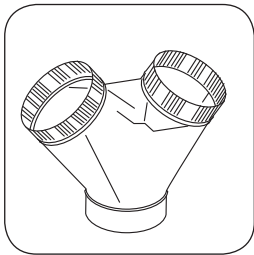
**NOTE:** Where flex duct is used to make 45° elbow equivalent length = 10 ft. (3.0 m)



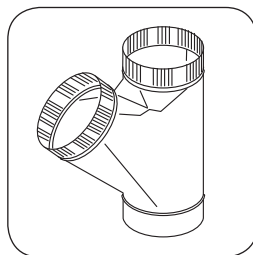
- 90° perimeter pipe elbow equivalent length = 10 ft. (3.0 m)
- NOTE:** Where flex duct is used to make 90° elbow equivalent length = 20 ft. (6.1 m)



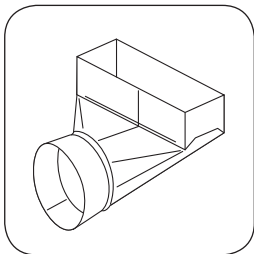
- Round wall cap spring damper or screen equivalent lengths = 60 ft. (18.29 m)



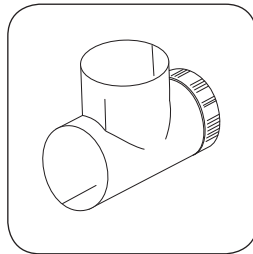
- Y-equal sides equivalent length = 10 ft. (3.0 m)



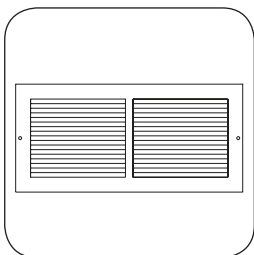
- Y-Side branch equivalent length = 35 ft. (10.7 m)



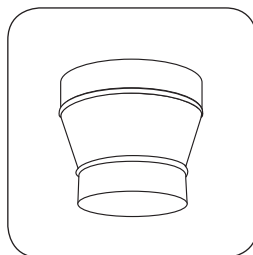
- Angle boot equivalent length = 30 ft. (9.14 m)



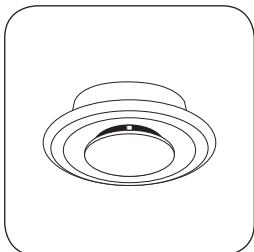
- Tee take-off equivalent length = 50 ft. (15.24 m)



- Wall grille 50% free area equivalent length = 15 ft. (4.6 m)



- Increaser/Reducer equivalent length = 8 ft. (2.43 m)



- Round plastic diffuser equivalent length = 100 ft. (30.5 m)

**NOTE:** Maximum airflow assumes diffuser is in full open position.



## TYPES OF INSTALLATIONS

### Direct Ducted System

From an Indoor Air Quality standpoint, this is the preferred method of installing a ventilation system in a home. This installation uses a dedicated duct system for both the supply of fresh air and exhausting of stale air accumulated in the home.

With an Independent System installation, fresh air is supplied to all bedrooms and living areas and stale air is exhausted from the bathroom, kitchen and laundry room. See Figure 1.

**Important:** For correct performance of your HRV or ERV, the installation of a 6" round galvanized backdraft damper is required on the ductwork supplying fresh air to the home.

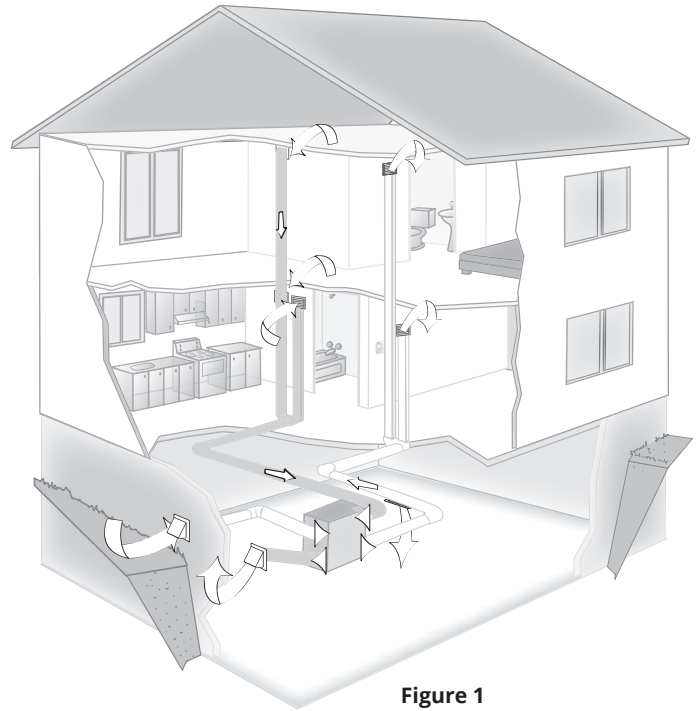


Figure 1

### Extended Exhaust System

This application uses a dedicated duct system for exhausting the stale air from the home. The fresh air is routed to the return air duct and is distributed through the home by the existing supply air ductwork of the forced-air system. See Figure 2

Make sure when using this installation that your fresh air duct connection to the forced air system return air duct is not less than 10ft (3 m) upstream of the return plenum connection to the forced-air system. Check with your local building codes or the manufacturer of the forced-air system. The HRV and forced-air system must be set to operate in continuous mode to achieve maximum comfort and to avoid cross-contamination.

**Note to Installer:** Dwellings with multiple forced-air systems require one HRV/ERV per system.

Ensure the unit runs in conjunction with the forced-air system. Refer to wiring diagram for furnace interlock instructions.

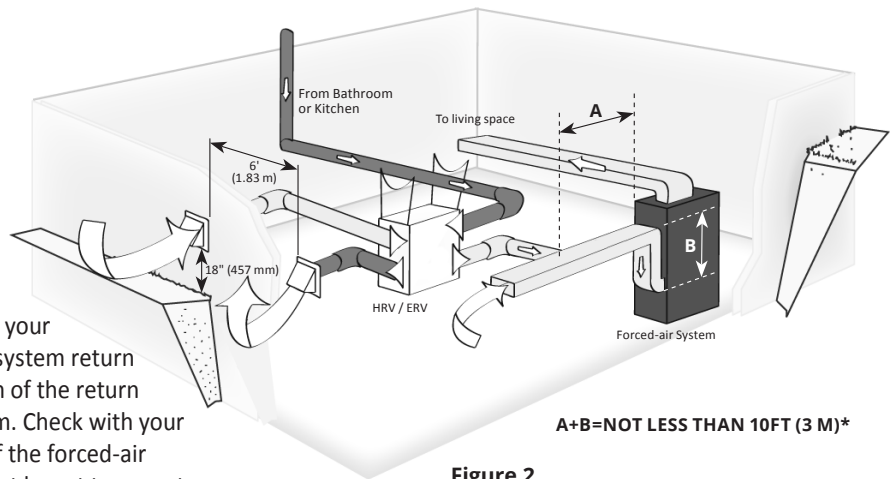


Figure 2

\* For minimum distance between return and forced-air system, check with your local building codes or the manufacturer of the forced-air system.

**Important:** The duct bringing outdoor air to the return air plenum must be equipped with a manual damper to balance the outdoor airflow.

**Important:** For optimal performance of your HRV or ERV, the installation of a 6" round galvanized backdraft damper is required on the fresh-air-to-home duct work. When making duct connections, always use approved tools and materials. Also use steel duct connections for these type of installations.



# TYPES OF INSTALLATIONS

## Simplified System Installation

When using this installation, make sure that there is minimum of 3 feet (0.9m) between the fresh air and exhaust air connections of the HRV/ERV in the return air duct. See Figure 3

Make sure when using this installation that the fresh air duct connection to the forced-air system return air duct is not less than 10ft (3 m) upstream of the return plenum connection to the forced air system. Check with your local code or the forced air system's manufacturer. The HRV and forced-air system must be set to operate in continuous mode to achieve maximum comfort and to avoid cross-contamination.

**Note to installer:** Dwellings with multiple forced-air systems require one HRV/ERV per system.

Ensure the unit runs in conjunction with forced-air system. Refer to wiring diagram for furnace interlock instructions.

**Important:** Building and combustion appliance installation codes do not allow return air grilles or openings such as "breather tees" or indirect connections in an enclosed room that is susceptible to spillage from combustion appliances.

**Important:** For optimal performance of your HRV or ERV, the installation of a 6" round galvanized backdraft damper is required on the fresh-air-to-home duct work. When making duct

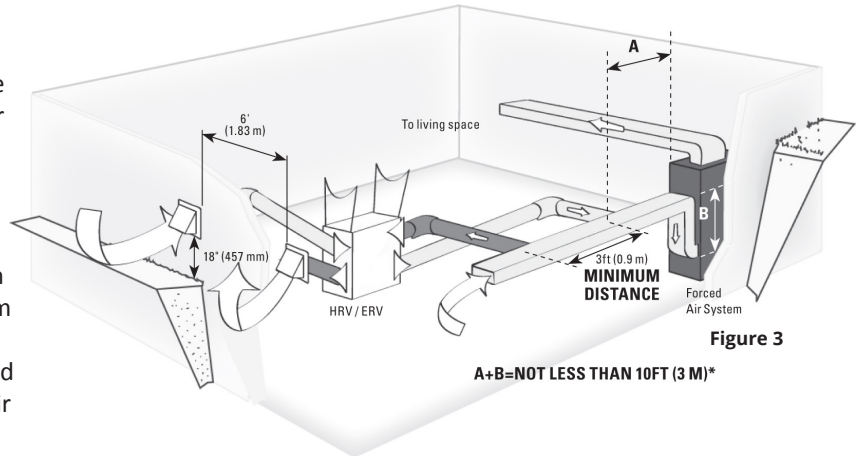


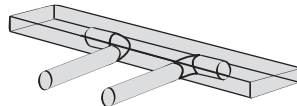
Figure 3

A+B=NOT LESS THAN 10FT (3 M)\*

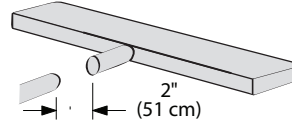
\* For minimum distance between return and forced-air system, check with your local building codes or the manufacturer of the forced-air system.

**Important:** The duct bringing outdoor air to the return air plenum must be equipped with a manual damper to balance the outdoor airflow.

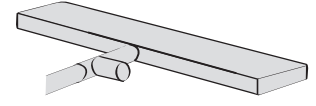
Simplified Connection



Indirect Connection



Breather Tee



connections, always use approved tools and materials. Also use steel duct connections for these type of installations.

## Installation Kit

Installation Kit Includes:

- 4 Collars (VH30160, VH30150R, VH70220, VE30160 & VE70220 only)
- 4 screws (#10 x 1")
- 1 Condensation Drain Line
- 4 Washers
- 1 Drain Adapter with Nut
- 120VAC power cord
- 16 screws (#10 x 5/8")



Figure 4 (VH30160, VH30150R, VH70220, VE30160 & VE70220 only)

**Tip to Installer:** Removing the ventilator core will facilitate your installation.

## Finding a Suitable Installation Location

The HRV/ERV unit should be installed in a mechanical room or as close to an outside wall as possible. This would ensure a short run of insulated flexible duct.

The HRV/ERV unit must always be installed in an area where the air is tempered to avoid freezing of the condensate line. The contractor should install the unit in an area that is accessible to allow the homeowner easy access for performing maintenance.

It is very important to install an electric receptacle (120VAC) near the HRV/ERV. A separate circuit breaker is also recommended. Installing the HRV/ERV close to a drain for the condensate would avoid the need for a condensate pump.



# INSTALLATION

## Installation of the HRV / ERV

**Tip to installer:** Place HRV/ERV on a stepladder to facilitate the hanging process. If the unit is not level, improper drainage will occur and could lead to moisture and leakage problems.

It is recommended that approximately 16 inches of flexible duct be installed between the HRV or ERV and your rigid duct. The flexible duct is connected to the HRV or ERV in the same way as the insulated flex.

**NOTE:** Clean Comfort Ventilators (HRV/ERV) that use a fan shut down defrost sequence for frost protection are NOT equipped with a motorized outdoor air damper.

Special consideration is required when one of the following types of installations is chosen:

- a) Exhaust at the source and supply in the return air duct, **or**
- b) Exhaust and supply in the return air duct

The HRV/ERV must operate in the continuous ventilation mode to avoid cold, unconditioned air being introduced through the unit and directly into the furnace during heating season. However if the homeowner chooses to run the unit in Intermittent ("INTER") mode or turn it "OFF", cold supply air will be drawn in through the HRV/ERV when the system's blower fan is operating e.g. during a heating cycle. We recommend installing a motorized damper between the HRV/ERV supply air connection and the furnace's return air duct that will automatically close when the HRV/ERV is not operating. You may also consider the installation of a backdraft damper on the ventilator's exhaust air connection to prevent cold air infiltration.

Alternatively, installing a ventilator that employs a recirculating defrost sequence and is equipped with an integrated motorized outdoor air damper, such as the VH30140R or VH30150R, would avoid the problem described above.



**Figure 5** Attach the adjustable hanging straps to the floor joist with four, #10x1" screws. The screws are inserted through one of the links in the hanging chains.



**Figure 6** When the HRV/ERV is hung, ensure that the HRV or ERV is installed level for proper operation.

## Insulated Flex From Unit to Outside Wall

**Tip to installer:** To ensure a better installation and to avoid an undesired bend in the duct, align the flexible duct with the collar before securing over the four hooks on the inner surfaces of the collar.

All ducting to and from the HRV/ERV must be adequately insulated to minimize heat loss and gain.

All tapes, mastics, and nonmetallic clamps used for field installation of flexible ducts shall be listed and labeled to Standard UL 181B - Closure Systems for Use With Flexible Air Ducts and Air Connectors.

Once insulated flex is attached to the collar, slide collar into the keeper section and attach collar to the unit with four, #10 x 3/8" screws supplied in installation kit to ensure a proper seal.



**Figure 7** Insert flexible duct over the hooks and seal with a tie wrap.



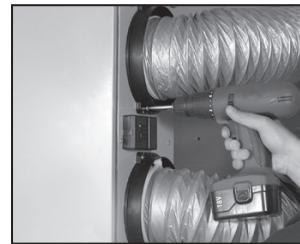
**Figure 8** Insert insulation inside the duct and seal with the double collar.



**Figure 9** Finish by taping the vapor barrier to the collar to ensure proper seal.



**Figure 10** Slide collar into the keeper section of the unit.



**Figure 11** Fix and secure with supplied screws.

**CAUTION!** Always consult your national and local regulations, building and safety codes.

**CAUTION!**

Always secure the 6" detachable collars to the unit with the screws provided. If this is not done, condensate may accumulate inside the ventilator causing damage.





## Recirculation Mode

There are two models of Clean Comfort HRVs with a Recirculation feature: VH30140R and VH30150R.

In Recirculation mode, these HRVs close off the fresh air supply from the outside. Operating them in Recirculation mode can save a significant amount of energy compared to models without this feature, since cold air is not being brought into the house during Recirculation mode. Defrost mode is more efficient on HRVs that use Recirculation mode, compared to HRVs without this feature.

However, when these HRVs are operated in Recirculation mode, moisture and indoor pollutants are no longer being expelled from the home, which is the primary purpose of a ventilator. This is why it is recommended that Recirculation mode only be used when the home is unoccupied or for a short period of time. Once occupants return, the ventilator should be returned to its normal Run mode to allow for proper air exchange.

With the VH30150R, recirculation is accomplished by the ventilator's damper shutting off the fresh air intake and in doing so, opens the fifth (recirculation) port on top of the ventilator. Air from this fifth port will help smooth out temperature variations throughout the house, especially if the fifth port is drawing in air from a warmer part of the house, such as a room with a cathedral ceiling or with a secondary heat source like a wood stove. However, during Recirculation mode, unwanted odors from polluted areas of the house (bathrooms, kitchens) will be redistributed to non-polluted areas.

With the VH30140R, recirculation is accomplished by the ventilator closing an internal bypass damper which shuts off the fresh air intake and in doing so, diverts the stale air returning from the home back into the fresh air supply port of the ventilator.

Another reason to use Recirculation mode would be to temporarily prevent polluted air from entering the house. When the unpleasant conditions have passed, the HRV should be returned to normal Run mode.

### **WARNING!**

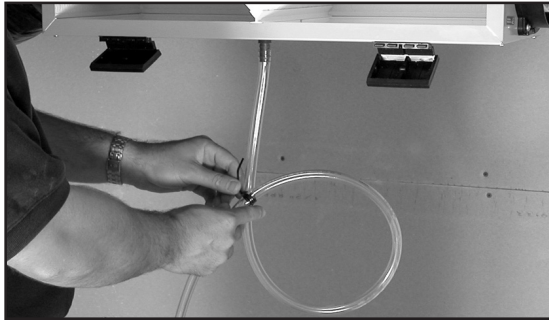
Never install a recirculation grille in a closed room containing a combustion device, such as gas furnace, gas water heater, fireplace or wood burning stove.



# INSTALLATION

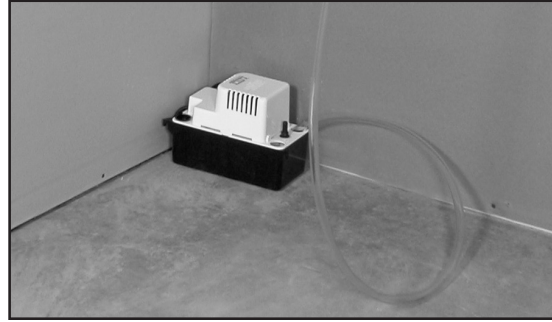
## Condensation Drain Line

Insert the threaded drain adapter through the bottom of the HRV/ERV and hand-tighten the plastic nut supplied with the drain kit. Use a wrench to tighten the nut another half turn to ensure a complete seal.



**Figure 15** Create a trap by forming a loop in the condensate tubing. Ensure this trap will not be exposed to temperatures where the condensate can freeze.

Install the condensate line (included in installation kit) by pushing the clear plastic tubing over the drain adapter. Make a condensate trap by looping the clear plastic tubing. The function of this condensate trap is to prevent unpleasant odors from entering the HRV/ERV.



**Figure 16** Use a condensate pump if you don't have access to a drain.

## Supplying Power to the HRV/ERV

**IMPORTANT:** Only qualified service technicians should install, repair, or service this HRV/ERV.

**NOTE:** If the LED light on the unit's control is lit (green), but the unit's motors do not energize and the controls do not operate, this indicates that the polarization in the main power supply outlet is inverted. Correct polarity of supplied power before continuing with the installation.

Daikin recommends that the unit be connected to a dedicated 120VAC receptacle; use of an extension cord to power the unit is not recommended. If no receptacle is available near the unit, have a licensed electrician install one.



**Figure 17** Insert the power cord on top of the unit. Press firmly to make sure the power cord is secure.

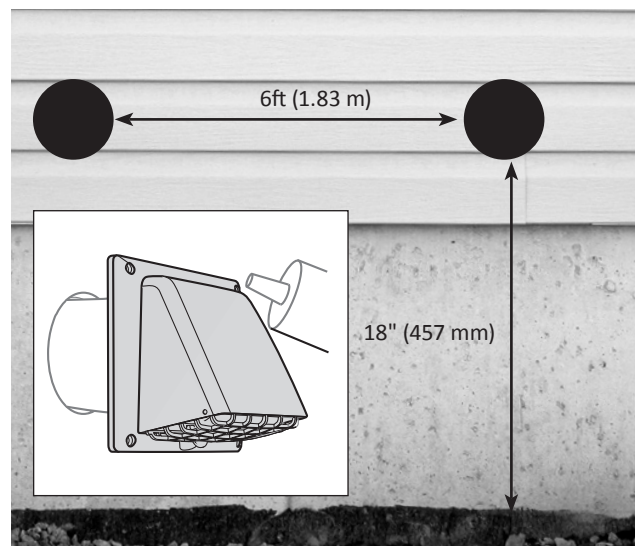
## Installing Ventilation Hoods for Fresh Air and Exhaust

Install the outside ventilation hoods at least 18 inches (0.5 m) above ground level or the anticipated snow level, and we recommend with at least 6 ft (1.8 m) between the fresh air intake and the exhaust.

Always properly seal the supply and exhaust hoods to the exterior of the thermal envelope of the building with caulk or other similar material to inhibit air leakage.

**Note:** Fresh air intake hoods shall be located to avoid combustion sources or sources of pollutants such as:

- Exhaust air vents from this HRV/ERV, a clothes dryer or combustion appliances
- Gas meters, oil fill pipes
- Garbage containers
- Attics or crawl spaces
- Driveways (auto exhaust)
- Under deck or other areas of questionable air quality



**Figure 18** Locating Outside Hoods

**IMPORTANT:** Always consult your national and local regulations, building and safety codes.

# CONTROLS / WIRING



## Controls Wiring

Wiring connections are shown for the Clean Comfort VHP Series wall controls and timer. See Sequence of Operations table for description of operation of these wall controls and timer with the ventilator.

### VHP-RD1 (2 wires)

This control will operate the ventilator when the relative humidity level measured at the control is higher than the setting on the control.

### VHP-RD2 (4 wires)

These controls will operate the ventilator when the relative humidity level measured at the control is higher than the setting on the control. They can also override the control on the ventilator by reducing maximum fan speed by 30% on CONT setting and 15% on High (Override) speed.

### VHP-RD3P / VHP-RD3D\* (4 wires)

This control will power the ventilator ON/OFF & override the unit to high speed, via relative humidity levels, or cycles per hour setting. Offers speed selection and RECIRCULATION\* mode. The ECONO mode reduces the maximum fan speed by 30% on CONT setting and 15% on High (Override) speed. The SUMMER MODE deactivates the relative humidity override function.

\* Recirculation mode applies to VH30140R & VH30150R models only.

### VHP-TC10 (4 wires)

This control will power the ventilator ON/OFF & override the unit to high speed on the cycles per hour setting. The ECONO Mode reduces the maximum fan speed by 30% on CONT setting and 15% on High (Override) speed.

### VHP-DC15 (4 wires)

This control will power the ventilator ON/OFF & override the unit to high speed, via relative humidity levels, or cycles per hour setting. Offers speed selection and RECIRCULATION\* mode. The ECONO mode reduces the maximum fan speed by 30% on CONT setting and 15% on High (Override) speed. The SUMMER MODE deactivates the relative humidity override function.

\* Recirculation mode applies to VH30140R & VH30150R models only.

### VHP-T3 TIMER (3 wires)

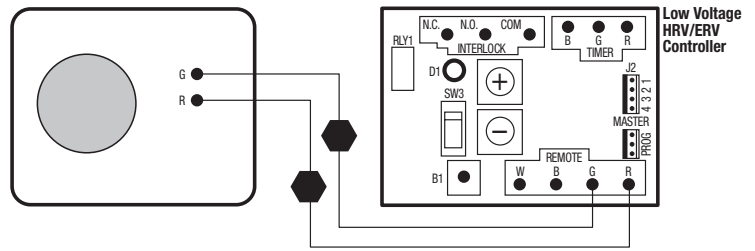
This control will operate the ventilator on high speed for the length of time (20, 40 or 60 minutes) selected by the user.

### CAUTION!

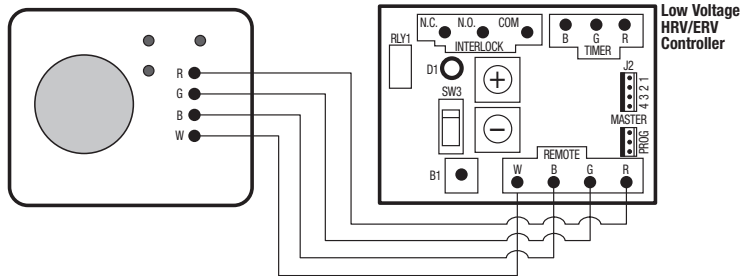
Minimum wire requirement is LVT18 CSA/UL 4 strand to ensure proper connection.

Reference: VH30140R, VH30150R, VH30160, VH70220, VE30160 & VE70220

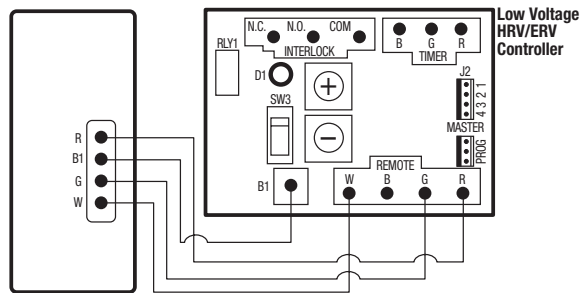
Wiring diagram: VHP-RD1



Wiring diagram: VHP-RD2, VHP-RD3P & VHP-RD3D

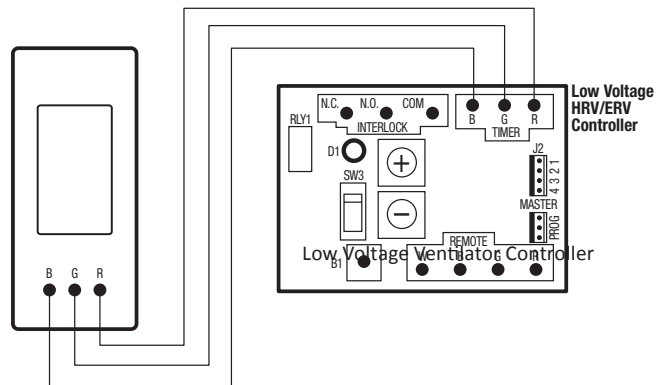


Wiring diagram: VHP-TC10, VHP-DC15



Installation of a VHP-Series main wall control with your HRV/ERV will improve comfort and may significantly reduce the product's energy use.

Reference: VH30140R, VH30150R, VH30160, VH70220, VE30160 & VE70220



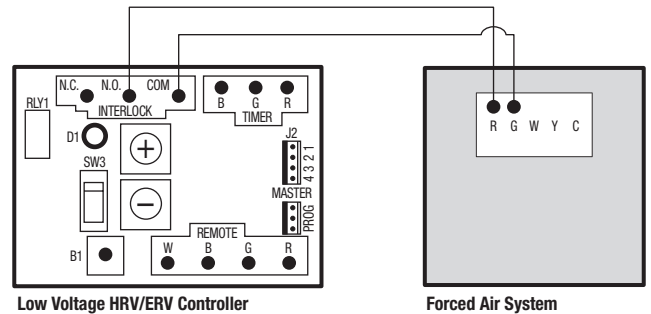


## Wiring Diagrams for Furnace Interlock Systems

### Standard Forced-Air Interlock Wiring

A relay is normally used when tying a ventilation system into the forced-air distribution system. The low voltage ventilator control on the ventilator is equipped with an internal relay that will activate the forced-air system's ventilator when there is a demand from the HRV /ERV. This ventilator control will activate the INTERLOCK relay during the following modes: Continuous, Override and Defrost. See wiring diagram at right.

Reference: VH30140R, VH30150R, VH30160, VH70220, VE30160 & VE70220



### Alternate Forced-Air Interlock Wiring

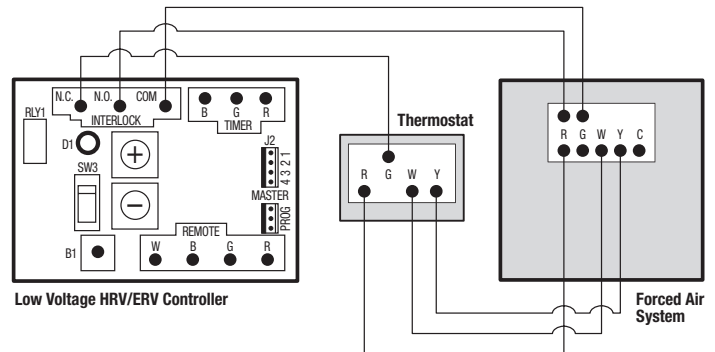
Some thermostats will activate the cooling system when used with the Standard Forced-Air Interlock Wiring.

If your thermostat operates this way, you must use the Alternate Forced-Air Wiring shown at right.

### Locating the Wiring Diagram

**Note to installer:** Wiring diagrams for the Clean Comfort ventilators are placed on the inside back cover of the exhaust motor bracket of each unit.

Reference: VH30140R, VH30150R, VH30160, VH70220, VE30160 & VE70220



**Legend:** ----- Field Installed Low Voltage Wiring

**Figure 21** Alternate forced-air wiring diagram

\* Before wiring the ventilator to a forced-air system, always refer to system's manual or manufacturer.

**CAUTION!**

Thermostats that control the A/C system must use the Alternate Interlock Wiring Diagram.

**WARNING!**

Always disconnect power to the unit prior to making any electrical connections. Failure to disconnect the power could result in electrical shock or can damage the electronic boards, wall controls and/or unit.

**CAUTION!**

Minimum wire requirements is LVT18 CSA/UL 4 strand to ensure proper connection.

## SEQUENCE OF OPERATIONS



### Sequence of Operations for Ventilator and Connected Wall Controls and Timer

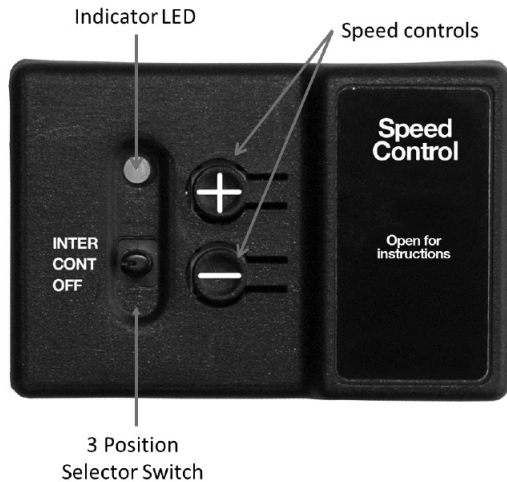
There is a low voltage ventilator control mounted on the HRV/ERV to operate the ventilator in Intermittent (INTER) or Continuous (CONT) operation. When a VHP-RD2 , VHP-TC10 or VHP-DC15 wall control is connected to the ventilator, it can override the setting on the ventilator as described in the table below.

In addition, the VHP-RD2, VHP-TC10 or VHP-DC15 has the ability to operate the ventilator at a reduced speed by setting the VHP-RD2 to REDUCE or VHP-TC10 to the ECONO position. In this position , the ventilator will run at 15% slower fan speed in CONT mode and 30% slower in Override (High) speed when responding to a high humidity signal from the VHP-RD2 or VHP-DC15 wall control or when the VHP-T3 Timer is activated.

| Ventilator Control Setting | VHP-RD2, VHP-TC10 OR VHP-DC15 Wall Control Setting  | Action   |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| INTER                      | NORMAL, REDUCE or ECONO   | Ventilator runs intermittently (unit is dormant ) but goes to high speed when %RH (VHP-RD2 or VHP-DC15 only) is above set point on the wall control, or if a VHP-T3 timer is activated.  |
| CONT                       | NORMAL, REDUCE or ECONO   | Ventilator runs continuously on set speed at ventilator or set speed on the range setting on the wall control but goes to HIGH speed when %RH (VHP-RD2 only) is above set point on the wall control or if a VHP-T3 timer is activated.   |
| INTER or CONT              | OFF   | Ventilator does not run even if the ventilator is set to INTER or CONT mode. Ventilator will not go to high speed even if the %RH (VHP-RD2 or VHP-DC15 only) is above set point on the wall control or if a VHP-T3 Timer is activated.   |
| OFF                        | NORMAL, REDUCE or ECONO   | Ventilator does not run even if the wall control is set to INTER or CONT mode. Ventilator will not go to high speed even if the %RH (VHP-RD2 or VHP-DC15 only) is above set point on the wall control or if a VHP-T3 timer is activated. |
| INTER or CONT              | RH sensor dial set to OFF (applies to VHP-RD2 only)<br>SUMMER MODE set to ON (applies to VHP-DC15 only) | Ventilator does not run based on RH measured at the wall control (sensor is disabled); otherwise the Ventilator and the wall control operate as described above and will go to high speed if a VHP-T3 timer is activated.                |



## Ventilation Control



The low voltage ventilator control mounted on the HRV/ERV has a three-position selector switch and buttons (marked "+" and "-") to adjust fan speed. The color of the LED light located above the selector switch indicates the operating mode of the control as follows:

- LED is GREEN = Control is in Run mode (normal operation)
- LED is YELLOW = Control is in Balancing mode

### RUN Mode

When the LED is green, the control is in RUN mode and the selector switch is used to set the ventilator's Operating Mode. The options are:

- **OFF:** When the selector switch is in the OFF position, the ventilator will not operate even if there's a remote call for ventilation from an external control.
- **CONT (Continuous):** With the selector switch in the CONT position, the unit runs continuously (low speed) until there's a remote call for ventilation (override) from an external control.
- **INTER (Intermittent):** With the selector switch in the INTER position, the unit runs only on a call for ventilation from an external wall control or timer. It will then run on high speed until the call is satisfied.

**(+) and (-) buttons:** These buttons are used for adjusting both the high and CONT fan speed settings when the control is in RUN mode.

### BALANCING Mode

When the control is set to BALANCING mode, the Indicator LED turns yellow and the selector switch is used for setting the high speed of the fans for balancing purposes (Fresh supply air, Exhaust air, and Both). The options are:

- **INTER (Intermittent):** With the selector switch in this position, the speed of the exhaust air fan can be set.
- **CONT (Continuous):** With the selector switch in this position, the speed of BOTH the exhaust and supply air fans can be set.
- **OFF:** With the selector switch in this position, the speed of the supply air fan can be set.

**(+) and (-) buttons:** These buttons are used for adjusting the fan speed of either or both of the supply and exhaust fan motors, depending on the fan motor selected by the position of the selector switch. The (+) button increases the speed of the fan being adjusted and the (-) button decreases the speed.

### Notes:

1. Continuous low speed is 50% of the fan speed selected for HIGH speed
2. When the LED stops flashing, the ventilator is at its maximum speed.

# BALANCING THE UNIT



## Procedure for Setting High (Override) Airflow Rate and Balancing the Ventilator

To balance the ventilator, you will need to independently adjust the flow rate in both the fresh air (supply) duct as well as the stale air (exhaust) duct. You will need an airflow measuring device such as a pitot tube or a Magnehelic gauge.

**NOTE:** Turn the HVAC equipment fan ON while performing these balancing steps.

1. Once the total CFM needed is determined (see Ventilation Requirements section), you can start balancing the HRV/ERV.
2. Set the three-position selector switch on the ventilator control to either the INTER or CONT position.
3. Press and hold both the (+) and (-) buttons simultaneously for 5 seconds until the LED light turns yellow, indicating the unit is now in Balancing mode.
4. When in Balancing mode, the selector switch becomes the motor selector switch. The switch position selects which fan motors will be adjusted during balancing:

|       |                                  |
|-------|----------------------------------|
| INTER | Right (Exhaust)                  |
| CONT  | Both Motors                      |
| OFF   | Left Motor<br>(Fresh Air Supply) |

5. Adjust the airflow rate in the fresh air duct by setting the selector switch to the OFF position.
6. Insert the airflow measuring device into the fresh air duct and seal it with duct tape.



Magnehelic gauge with airflow grid



Inserting airflow grid in duct



Seal airflow grid in duct with duct tape

7. Press the (+) or (-) buttons on the ventilator control to increase or decrease the fan motor speed to produce the desired airflow in the duct being measured.

**Note:** When the LED stops flashing, the ventilator is at its maximum speed.

8. Perform the same operation on the stale air side by selecting the INTER position on the selector switch. Adjust the airflow rate in the stale air duct to be the same as the airflow rate in the fresh air duct, so the airflow entering and leaving the building is balanced.
9. If necessary, the selector switch can be set to the CONT position, which will adjust the speed of both fan motors at the same time.
10. Once this is done, you have set and locked the high speed on your ventilator and balanced the fresh and stale airflow rates.
11. To exit Balancing mode, press the (+) and (-) buttons at the same time until the LED turns green, indicating that the control has returned to Run mode.

## Procedure for Setting Low (Continuous) Ventilation Rate

1. When the unit is in Run mode, the continuous airflow rate can then be set by using the (+) and (-) buttons and reading the CFM using the airflow measuring device.
2. When the selector switch is set to the CONT position, the ventilator runs at the low (continuous) speed until there's a remote call for ventilation override from an external wall control such as the VHP Series of controls.

## Balancing Reset

Balancing of the ventilator is locked upon exiting Balancing Mode and can only be changed with a reset of the control.

### To Reset Control:

1. Press the (+) and (-) buttons simultaneously for 10 seconds. After 5 seconds, the LED will turn yellow and after 10 seconds, it will turn green.
2. Release both buttons.
3. Unit has now been reset and is ready for re-balancing, if necessary.

## Testing the Ventilator to Confirm Operation

1. Apply power to the ventilator. Set the selector switch to the CONT position. Verify that the unit turns on and operates at continuous speed.
2. Turn the wall control to minimum humidity setting to create a call for ventilation. Verify that the ventilator turns on and operates at high speed. Return wall control to normal humidity setting.
3. Repeat for timer control, if one is installed.
4. Return the selector switch to the desired position (INTER or CONT) and the wall control to the desired settings.
5. Inspect the ductwork to verify there are no bends, kinks or obstructions to airflow. Correct as needed.



# BALANCING THE UNIT

(Reference: VH30140R, VH3150R, VH30160, VH70220, VE30160 & VE70220)

## TOOLS REQUIRED TO BALANCE THE HRV/ERV

- A Magnehelic gauge capable of measuring 0 to 2.0 inch of water (0 to 500 Pa) and two (2) plastic hoses.
- A balancing reference chart located on the HRV/ERV access door panel.

## CONSIDERATION WHEN BALANCING THE HRV/ERV

- Seal all the unit ductwork with tape. Close all windows and doors.
- Insure all exhaust devices such as range hood, dryer and bathroom fans are OFF.
- Make sure that all filters are clean and that there is no obstruction in ductwork
- Make sure that the forced air system blower is "ON" when connected to an existing forced air system ductwork.
- If it is a direct duct system installation ensure forced air system blower is "OFF".

## USING THE DUOTROL SELECTOR SWITCH

When on Balancing Mode, the Selector Switch allows you to choose the motor you want to set.



### GREEN LIGHT Mode Selector

- A) Closed Duotrol Cover
  1. INTER (Exhaust Motor)
  2. CONT (Both Motors)
  3. OFF (Supply Motor)



### YELLOW LIGHT Balancing Mode

- B) Open Duotrol Cover
  1. UP (Exhaust Motor)
  2. MIDDLE (Both Motors)
  3. DOWN (Supply Motor)

**IMPORTANT:** Insure the HRV/ERV has completed the defrost sequence. That the dehumidistat is deactivated by turning the round dial to the "OFF" position, the Range is "NORMAL", the mode is "CONT" and the Cycle per Hour is set at "0/0".

**NOTE:** The unit is considered balanced even if there is a difference of  $\pm 10$  cfm (or  $\pm 5$  l/s or  $17$  m<sup>3</sup>/h) between the two air flows

## DUOTROL™ BALANCING SYSTEM PROCEDURES

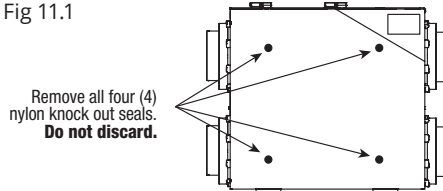
**Step 1:** Place the Magnehelic gauge on a level surface and adjust the needle to zero.

**Step 2:** Connect the two (2) plastic hoses to the gauge on the HIGH & LOW pressure connections.

**Step 3:** Once the total ventilation requirements are determined, you can start balancing the HRV/ERV. (Refer to 1. Ventilation Requirements)

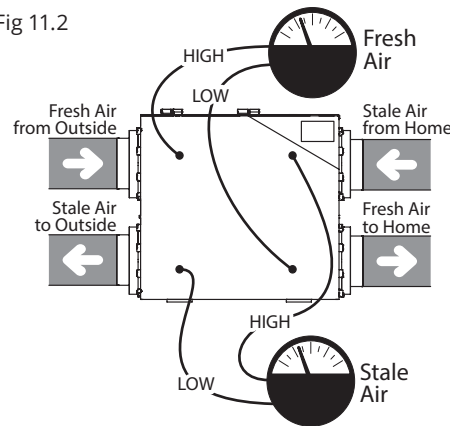
**Step 4:** Remove the (4) four nylon knock out seals located on the HRV/ERV access door. (Ref fig 11.1)

Fig 11.1



**Step 5:** Connect the two (2) plastic hoses from the gauge to the HIGH & LOW balancing pressure taps on the fresh or stale air side located on the HRV/ERV access door (Ref Fig 11.2)

Fig 11.2



**Note:** If the gauge needle drops below zero, reverse the plastic hose connections.

**Step 6:** Press the (+) and (-) buttons on the Duotrol™ simultaneously until you see the yellow light. Once the indicator light turns yellow and the unit goes to high speed you are in balancing mode. When in balancing mode the selector switch on the Duotrol™ becomes the motor selector switch. INTER (Right Motor = Stale Airflow), CONT (Both Motors) and OFF (Left Motor = Fresh Airflow)

**Step 7:** To adjust the (fresh air), select the «OFF» position on the Duotrol™. Ensure the plastic hoses from the gauge are connected to the HIGH & LOW balancing pressure taps on the fresh airflow side located on the HRV/ERV access door. (Ref Fig 11.2). To adjust the airflow rates, press the (-) button to decrease or press the (+) button to increase the airflow rates until you reach the calculated fresh airflow requirements.

**Step 8:** To adjust the (stale air) select the «INTER» position on the Duotrol™. Ensure the plastic hoses from the gauge are connected to the HIGH & LOW balancing pressure taps on the stale air side located on the HRV/ERV access door. (Ref Fig 11.2) To adjust the airflow rates, press the (-) button to decrease or press the (+) button to increase the airflow rates until you reach the calculated stale airflow requirements.

**Step 9:** Once this is completed, you have balanced the airflow rates of your HRV/ERV. To exit the balancing mode you must press (+) and (-) buttons on the Duotrol™ simultaneously until solid green LED appears then release. The indicator light will turn green to indicate normal operation mode. Seal the (4) four balancing pressure taps with the nylon knock out seals removed in Step 4.

**Step 10:** Mark down the balanced airflow rates information on a label including in the kit. Apply the label to the HRV/ERV access door for future reference (e.g. date, balance airflow rate, your name, phone number and business address).

**Note:** Once the HRV/ERV is balanced, switch to «CONT» on the Duotrol™ By using (+) and (-) buttons you can set the continuous speed.

## For Balancing Charts,

- Refer to page 22 of this manual





## BALANCING THE UNIT

(Reference: VH30140R only)

### TOOLS REQUIRED TO BALANCE THE HRV/ERV

- A Magnehelic gauge capable of measuring 0 to 2 inch of water (0 to 125 Pa) and two (2) plastic hoses.
- A balancing reference chart located on the HRV/ERV access door panel.

### CONSIDERATION WHEN

#### BALANCING THE HRV/ERV

- Seal all the unit ductwork with tape. Close all windows and doors.
- Insure all exhaust devices such as range hood, dryer and bathroom fans are off.
- Make sure that all filters are clean and that there is no obstruction in ductwork
- Make sure that the forced air system blower is "ON" when connected to an existing forced air system ductwork.
- If it is a direct duct system installation ensure forced air system blower is "OFF".

### USING THE DUOTROL SELECTOR SWITCH

When on Balancing Mode, the Selector Switch allows you to choose the motor you want to set.

#### GREEN LIGHT Mode Selector

- A) Closed Duotrol Cover
1. INTER (Exhaust Motor)
  2. CONT (Both Motors)
  3. OFF (Supply Motor)

#### YELLOW LIGHT Balancing Mode

- B) Open Duotrol Cove
1. UP (Exhaust Motor)
  2. MIDDLE (Both Motors)
  3. DOWN (Supply Motor)

**IMPORTANT:** Insure the HRV/ERV has completed the defrost sequence. That the dehumidistat is deactivated by turning the round dial to the "OFF" position, the Range is "NORMAL", the mode is "CONT" and the cycle per Hour is set at "0/0".

**NOTE:** The unit is considered balanced even if there is a difference of  $\pm 10$  cfm (or  $\pm 5$  l/s or  $17$  m<sup>3</sup>/h) between the two air flows.

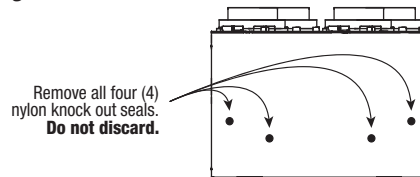
**Step 1:** Place the Magnehelic gauge on a level surface and adjust the needle to zero.

**Step 2:** Connect the two (2) plastic hoses to the gauge on the HIGH & LOW pressure connections.

**Step 3:** Once the total ventilation requirements are determined, you can start balancing the HRV/ERV. (Refer to 1. Ventilation Requirements)

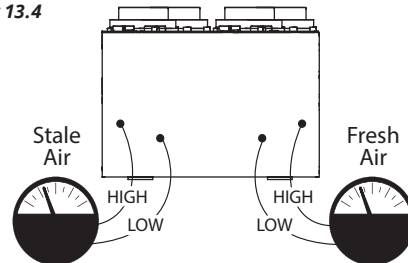
**Step 4:** Remove the four (4) nylon knock out seals located on the HRV/ERV access door. (Ref Fig 13.3)

Fig 13.3



**Step 5:** Connect the two (2) plastic hoses from the gauge to the HIGH & LOW balancing pressure taps on the fresh or stale air side located on the HRV/ERV access door (Ref Fig 13.4)

Fig 13.4



**Step 6:** Press the (+) and (-) buttons on the Duotrol™ simultaneously until you see the yellow light. Once the indicator light turns yellow and the unit goes to high speed you are in balancing mode. When in balancing mode the selector switch on the Duotrol™ becomes the motor selector switch. INTER (Right Motor = Stale Airflow), CONT (Both Motors) and OFF (Left Motor = Fresh Airflow)

**Step 7:** To adjust the (fresh air), select the «OFF» position on the Duotrol™. Ensure the plastic hoses from the gauge are connected to the HIGH & LOW balancing pressure taps on the fresh airflow side located on the HRV/ERV access door. (Ref Fig 13.4). To adjust the airflow rates, press the (-) button to decrease or press the (+) button to increase the airflow rates until you reach the calculated fresh airflow requirements.

**Step 8:** To adjust the (stale air) select the «INTER» position on the Duotrol™. Ensure the plastic hoses from the gauge are connected to the HIGH & LOW balancing pressure taps on the stale air side located on the HRV/ERV access door. (Ref Fig 13.4) To adjust the airflow rates, press the (-) button to decrease or press the (+) button to increase the airflow rates until you reach the calculated stale airflow requirements.

**Step 9:** The HRV/ERV is now balanced, proceed to secure both damper levers in place using their locking screw.

(Ref Fig 13.3) Seal the four (4) balancing pressure taps with the nylon knock out seals removed in Step 4.

**Step 10:** Mark down the balanced air flow rates information on a label including in the kit. Apply the label to the HRV/ERV access door for future reference (e.g. date, balance airflow rate, your name, phone number and business address).

**NOTE:** Once the HRV/ERV is balanced, switch to «CONT» on the Duotrol™ By using (+) and (-) buttons you can set the continuous speed.



## TROUBLESHOOTING



| Question / Item  | Diagnosis / Solution   |
|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ventilator not running</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Verify breaker in main electrical panel</li> <li>Verify the HRV or ERV is in the ON position</li> <li>Verify all wall controls connected to the ventilator are activated to supply power to the unit</li> <li>Unplug ventilator and verify that the wall control is wired correctly to the connection box on the side of the unit</li> <li>Verify main outlet polarization</li> </ul>   |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Air is too dry</li> </ul>         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Increase the humidity level on the wall control (Turn dial towards 60%)</li> <li>Reduce continuous airflow rate</li> <li>Switch ventilation mode from continuous to intermittent</li> <li>Increase the humidity level in the home by installing a whole-home humidifier</li> </ul>  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Air too humid</li> </ul>          | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Suggest continuous operation of ventilator</li> <li>Reduce humidity setting on the wall control (Turn dial towards 30%)</li> <li>Increase continuous airflow rate (ventilator fan speed)</li> <li>Insufficient ventilation, check that the capacity of the ventilator is sufficient for the size of the home</li> <li>Internal source of moisture, e.g. heating wood stove in basement, possible water leaks in foundation or poor insulation R-value, and/or clothes dryer is venting in basement</li> </ul>   |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Vibration or noise</li> </ul>     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Verify that the correct mounting equipment (vibration mounting straps) was used when hanging the ventilator</li> <li>Verify that a section of flexible duct is installed between the ventilator and the rigid duct</li> <li>Verify that the motors are operating properly and the fans are rotating freely and are not obstructed by any debris</li> </ul>  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cold air</li> </ul>               | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Misplaced supply outlets</li> <li>Defrost not operating correctly</li> <li>The ventilator is not properly balanced</li> <li>High airflow on furnace continuous mode</li> <li>Ensure ventilator is interlocked when integrated with forced-air system</li> </ul>   |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pollutants</li> </ul>             | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ensure proper clearance of ventilation hoods from source of pollutants</li> <li>Refer to section "Installing Ventilation Hoods for Fresh Air and Exhaust".</li> </ul>   |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Condensation</li> </ul>           | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Verify that the ventilator is level to ensure proper drainage</li> <li>Verify that the duct connections are secured with screws to the ventilator</li> <li>Verify the fresh (supply) side duct connections are fully insulated and that the home has a properly installed vapor barrier to ensure the home is sealed tightly</li> <li>Look for any sections of crushed ducting, failing duct straps, punctured vapor barrier, or missing insulation</li> <li>Look for signs of water accumulation/leakage/dripping</li> <li>Ensure proper seal of vapor barrier to outside wall</li> <li>Verify that the drain connection is not kinked; i.e. that the "P" trap is not too close to the ventilator or is blocked with debris</li> </ul> |



## MAINTENANCE

### Routine Maintenance

#### Seven-Step Maintenance Schedule

With routine preventative maintenance, you can avoid unnecessary problems, ensure the effectiveness of your ventilator, and prolong its life.

#### **WARNING!**

BE SURE TO DISCONNECT THE ELECTRICAL POWER BEFORE SERVICING YOUR SYSTEM

#### 1. Clean or replace air filters

Filters, which are located within the ventilator, should be cleaned every two to three months. Filters should be vacuumed first, then washed with a mild soap and water. Most washable filters will last several years before needing to be replaced.

#### 2. Clean the exterior intake and exhaust vents of obstructions

Check the outside vents regularly to ensure that the screen openings are not obstructed by grass, bushes, leaves, snow or other debris.

#### 3. Clean and inspect the heat exchange core

Do this twice a year and clean the core as required. A build-up of dust and dirt can restrict airflow and reduce the efficiency of the ventilator. After inspection and cleaning, make sure the core is replaced right-side-up.

#### 4. Clean the condensate drain and pan

Twice a year, check the condensate drain, pan and tubing to ensure that they are open and free-flowing. The tubing can be disconnected for cleaning. The condensate drain must have a "trap" in the tubing that traps a quantity of water and helps prevent unpleasant odors from entering the ventilator via this tubing.

#### 5. Inspect the fans

The fan motors on the ventilator are designed to operate continuously without lubrication and should not require inspection. Inspect the blower fans periodically for dirt on the blades, and remove it by gently brushing the blades or using a vacuum cleaner.

#### 6. Clean the grilles and inspect the ductwork

Clean the grilles when they are dusty. At least once a year, visually inspect the ductwork leading to and from the ventilator. Damaged ducts can lead to condensation problems, including wet insulation, water on the floor and, ice build-up.

#### 7. Arrange for an annual servicing

Your ventilator should undergo annual general servicing by a certified contractor who is familiar with its operation. If possible, have your furnace and ventilator serviced at the same time.

Daikin reserves the right to modify a product, without prior notice, whether in price, design, color or codes, in order to offer at all times quality products that are highly competitive.

**Install and service this equipment in compliance with applicable national and local building and safety codes.**



1. Slide out the filters.



2. Slide out the energy core.



3. Vacuum the filters.



4. Wash out the walls of the unit.



# WARRANTY

## Limited Warranties

### Coverage

Daikin North America LLC (“Daikin”) warrants this product, to the original consumer, to be free from defects in materials and workmanship under normal use and service, for the applicable time periods listed below.

| Warranty Period (Years after installation) |                    |   |                                  |
|--|--------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| Product                                    | Ventilation motors | Heat Exchange Core  | Controls, sensor and electronics |
| VH30100                                    | 5                  | As long as the original owner owns the product (Polypropylene heat recovery core) | 5                                |
| VH30140R                                   | 5                  |   | 5                                |
| VH70220                                    | 10                 |   | 5                                |
| VH30160                                    | 10                 |   | 5                                |
| VH30150R                                   | 10                 |   | 5                                |
| VH30160NC                                  | 2                  |   | 2                                |
| VH70220NC                                  | 2                  |   | 2                                |
| VE30100                                    | 5                  | 5 (Enthalpy energy recovery core)   | 5                                |
| VE30160                                    | 10                 |   | 5                                |
| VE70220                                    | 10                 |   | 5                                |

### Terms Applicable to All Warranties

THE WARRANTIES SET FORTH HEREIN ARE THE ONLY EXPRESS WARRANTIES ON THE PRODUCT, AND DAIKIN EXPRESSLY LIMITS THE DURATION OF ANY IMPLIED OR STATUTORY WARRANTIES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, WORKMANSHIP, OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR USE, TO THE DURATION OF THE APPLICABLE EXPRESS WARRANTY. Some states and provinces do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above limitation may not apply to you.

Daikin’s exclusive obligation, and the purchaser’s only remedy, under these warranties shall be for Daikin to supply, without charge, a new or remanufactured replacement for any covered component or part of the product which is found to be defective within the applicable warranty period; provided, however, that Daikin reserves the option to repair and return the defective part or component. None of these warranties include labor or other costs incurred for diagnosing, repairing,

removing, installing, shipping, servicing or handling of either defective parts/components or replacement parts/components. DAIKIN SHALL NOT HAVE ANY OTHER RESPONSIBILITY, INCLUDING ANY LIABILITY FOR INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, RESULTING DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY FROM ANY BREACH OF WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OR OTHER CONTRACT BREACH, NEGLIGENCE OR OTHER TORT. Some states and provinces do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above exclusion may not apply to you. Any part replaced pursuant to this warranty is warranted only for the unexpired portion of the warranty term applying to the original part.

Warranties apply only to products installed in their original location. Installation, use, care, and maintenance must be normal and in accordance with instructions contained in the Owner’s Manual and service information. Defective parts must be returned to the distributor through a registered servicing dealer for credit. All work shall be performed by a state-licensed technician. Replacement parts replaced after expiration of the previously applicable limited warranty period (if any) are warranted for a period of one year.

Daikin will not be responsible for normal maintenance, installation, including filter cleaning and/or replacement, damage or repairs required as a consequence of faulty installation, misapplication, abuse, improper servicing, unauthorized alteration or improper operation, damage as a result of floods, winds, fires, lightning, accidents, corrosive environments or other conditions beyond the control of Daikin, parts not supplied or designated by Daikin, or damages resulting from their use.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state or province to province.

Upon notice of warranted failure, information should be gathered specific to the cause and results of the failure. Warranty claim request must be filed within 30 days of failure.

Contact Daikin Technical Support Line at 1-888-724-5211 and explain the situation, including model and serial number of the machine. We will advise as to proper procedures to either repair or replace as necessary and the warranty coverage available. Important - the unit model as well as the serial number must be stated to ensure replacement parts are accurate.

### DAIKIN NORTH AMERICA LLC

480 Ferdinand Blvd.  
 Dieppe, New Brunswick Canada E1A 6V9  
 1-888-724-5211



VH30140R Balancing Chart

| Pressure / Pression   |                | Fresh air / Air frais |     | Stale air / Air vicié |     |
|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----|-----------------------|-----|
| IN. W.G.<br>PO. d'eau | Pascal<br>(Pa) | CFM<br>PCM            | L/s | CFM<br>PCM            | L/s |
| 0.98                  | 244            | 149                   | 70  | -                     | -   |
| 0.94                  | 234            | 146                   | 69  | -                     | -   |
| 0.90                  | 224            | 144                   | 68  | -                     | -   |
| 0.86                  | 214            | 141                   | 67  | -                     | -   |
| 0.82                  | 204            | 138                   | 65  | -                     | -   |
| 0.78                  | 194            | 134                   | 63  | -                     | -   |
| 0.74                  | 184            | 131                   | 62  | -                     | -   |
| 0.70                  | 174            | 127                   | 60  | 156                   | 74  |
| 0.66                  | 164            | 123                   | 58  | 153                   | 72  |
| 0.62                  | 154            | 119                   | 56  | 148                   | 70  |
| 0.58                  | 144            | 115                   | 54  | 144                   | 68  |
| 0.54                  | 135            | 110                   | 52  | 139                   | 66  |
| 0.50                  | 125            | 105                   | 50  | 133                   | 63  |
| 0.46                  | 115            | 100                   | 47  | 128                   | 60  |
| 0.42                  | 105            | 94                    | 44  | 121                   | 57  |
| 0.38                  | 95             | 89                    | 42  | 115                   | 54  |
| 0.34                  | 85             | 83                    | 39  | 107                   | 50  |
| 0.30                  | 75             | 77                    | 36  | 100                   | 47  |
| 0.26                  | 65             | 71                    | 34  | 92                    | 43  |
| 0.22                  | 55             | 64                    | 30  | 83                    | 39  |
| 0.18                  | 45             | 57                    | 27  | 75                    | 35  |
| 0.14                  | 35             | 50                    | 24  | 65                    | 31  |
| 0.10                  | 25             | 43                    | 20  | 56                    | 26  |
| 0.06                  | 15             | 36                    | 17  | 45                    | 21  |

VH30150R Balancing Chart

| Pressure / Pression   |                | Fresh air / Air frais |     | Stale air / Air vicié |     |
|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----|-----------------------|-----|
| IN. W.G.<br>PO. d'eau | Pascal<br>(Pa) | CFM<br>PCM            | L/s | CFM<br>PCM            | L/s |
| 0.66                  | 164            | 154                   | 73  | 163                   | 77  |
| 0.63                  | 157            | 151                   | 71  | 160                   | 76  |
| 0.60                  | 149            | 147                   | 69  | 156                   | 74  |
| 0.57                  | 142            | 143                   | 67  | 152                   | 72  |
| 0.54                  | 135            | 138                   | 65  | 148                   | 70  |
| 0.51                  | 127            | 133                   | 63  | 143                   | 67  |
| 0.48                  | 120            | 128                   | 60  | 138                   | 65  |
| 0.45                  | 112            | 123                   | 58  | 133                   | 63  |
| 0.42                  | 105            | 117                   | 55  | 128                   | 60  |
| 0.39                  | 97             | 112                   | 53  | 122                   | 58  |
| 0.36                  | 90             | 106                   | 50  | 116                   | 55  |
| 0.33                  | 82             | 99                    | 47  | 110                   | 52  |
| 0.30                  | 75             | 93                    | 44  | 104                   | 49  |
| 0.27                  | 67             | 86                    | 41  | 97                    | 46  |
| 0.24                  | 60             | 78                    | 37  | 90                    | 42  |
| 0.21                  | 52             | 71                    | 34  | 83                    | 39  |
| 0.18                  | 45             | 63                    | 30  | 75                    | 35  |
| 0.15                  | 37             | 55                    | 26  | 67                    | 32  |
| 0.12                  | 30             | 47                    | 22  | 59                    | 28  |
| 0.09                  | 22             | 39                    | 18  | 51                    | 24  |
| 0.06                  | 15             | 30                    | 14  | 42                    | 20  |

VH30160 Balancing Chart

| Pressure / Pression   |                | Fresh air / Air frais |     | Stale air / Air vicié |     |
|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----|-----------------------|-----|
| IN. W.G.<br>PO. d'eau | Pascal<br>(Pa) | CFM<br>PCM            | L/s | CFM<br>PCM            | L/s |
| 0.60                  | 149            | 186                   | 88  | 187                   | 88  |
| 0.58                  | 144            | 182                   | 86  | 184                   | 87  |
| 0.56                  | 139            | 177                   | 84  | 180                   | 85  |
| 0.54                  | 135            | 172                   | 81  | 176                   | 83  |
| 0.52                  | 130            | 167                   | 79  | 173                   | 82  |
| 0.50                  | 125            | 162                   | 76  | 169                   | 80  |
| 0.48                  | 120            | 157                   | 74  | 165                   | 78  |
| 0.46                  | 115            | 152                   | 72  | 161                   | 76  |
| 0.44                  | 110            | 146                   | 69  | 156                   | 74  |
| 0.42                  | 105            | 141                   | 67  | 152                   | 72  |
| 0.40                  | 100            | 136                   | 64  | 147                   | 69  |
| 0.38                  | 95             | 130                   | 61  | 143                   | 67  |
| 0.36                  | 90             | 125                   | 59  | 138                   | 65  |
| 0.34                  | 85             | 119                   | 56  | 133                   | 63  |
| 0.32                  | 80             | 113                   | 53  | 128                   | 60  |
| 0.30                  | 75             | 107                   | 50  | 123                   | 58  |
| 0.28                  | 70             | 102                   | 48  | 117                   | 55  |
| 0.26                  | 65             | 96                    | 45  | 112                   | 53  |
| 0.24                  | 60             | 90                    | 42  | 106                   | 50  |
| 0.22                  | 55             | 84                    | 40  | 100                   | 47  |
| 0.20                  | 50             | 78                    | 37  | 94                    | 44  |
| 0.18                  | 45             | 71                    | 34  | 88                    | 42  |
| 0.16                  | 40             | 65                    | 31  | 82                    | 39  |
| 0.14                  | 35             | 59                    | 28  | 76                    | 36  |
| 0.12                  | 30             | 52                    | 25  | 69                    | 33  |
| 0.10                  | 25             | 46                    | 22  | 62                    | 29  |
| 0.08                  | 20             | 39                    | 18  | 56                    | 26  |
| 0.06                  | 15             | 33                    | 16  | 49                    | 23  |

VH70220 Balancing Chart

| Pressure / Pression   |                | Fresh air / Air frais |     | Stale air / Air vicié |     |
|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----|-----------------------|-----|
| IN. W.G.<br>PO. d'eau | Pascal<br>(Pa) | CFM<br>PCM            | L/s | CFM<br>PCM            | L/s |
| 0.36                  | 90             | 216                   | 102 | -                     | -   |
| 0.34                  | 85             | 209                   | 99  | 222                   | 105 |
| 0.32                  | 80             | 200                   | 94  | 214                   | 101 |
| 0.30                  | 75             | 192                   | 91  | 207                   | 98  |
| 0.28                  | 70             | 183                   | 86  | 198                   | 93  |
| 0.26                  | 65             | 173                   | 82  | 189                   | 89  |
| 0.24                  | 60             | 163                   | 77  | 180                   | 85  |
| 0.22                  | 55             | 153                   | 72  | 170                   | 80  |
| 0.20                  | 50             | 142                   | 67  | 159                   | 75  |
| 0.18                  | 45             | 131                   | 62  | 148                   | 70  |
| 0.16                  | 40             | 119                   | 56  | 136                   | 64  |
| 0.14                  | 35             | 107                   | 50  | 124                   | 59  |
| 0.12                  | 30             | 95                    | 45  | 111                   | 52  |
| 0.10                  | 25             | 82                    | 39  | 97                    | 46  |
| 0.08                  | 20             | 68                    | 32  | 83                    | 39  |
| 0.06                  | 15             | 55                    | 26  | 69                    | 33  |
| 0.04                  | 10             | 55                    | 26  | 54                    | 25  |

**IMPORTANT:** THE BALANCING CHART IS LOCATED ON THE HRV/ERV ACCESS DOOR



# VENTILATORS